



Innovation in small informal enterprises Baseline survey and insights from two sectoral case studies

Dr Glenda Kruss, Executive Head: CeSTII DSI Executive Committee Meeting | March 2021

An area-based census survey of informal businesses

Small area census methodology



Identify high foot traffic areas



Enter community and ask for list of all known businesses



Return to verified businesses and complete innovation survey

996 returns

77.3% response rate



Visit business and verify its location and characteristics

1 289 informal enterprises



Remove duplicates from listings and generate register of unique businesses

Innovation in context

...innovation is a new or improved product or process (or a combination thereof) that differs significantly from the **unit's** previous products or processes and that has been made available to potential users (product) or **brought** into use by the unit (process). (OECD 2018)









- Mew or changed ponds or services
- 🚺 liew or changed processes for 🧹 producing greats or services
- Time ways for marketing points or services:
- Changes to how we set up our ductinesses or work places















Why is innovation in the intormal sector significant?

- Hoffecker (2018) identified two potential pathways through which informal local-level innovation contributes to local development:
 - Pathway 1 is through the direct social and economic benefits related to the use and adoption of the specific innovations
 - Pathway 2, which has the most significant impact, is the contribution to building and strengthening local ecosystems for entrepreneurship and innovation (i.e. LIPSs)

Local Innovation Production System

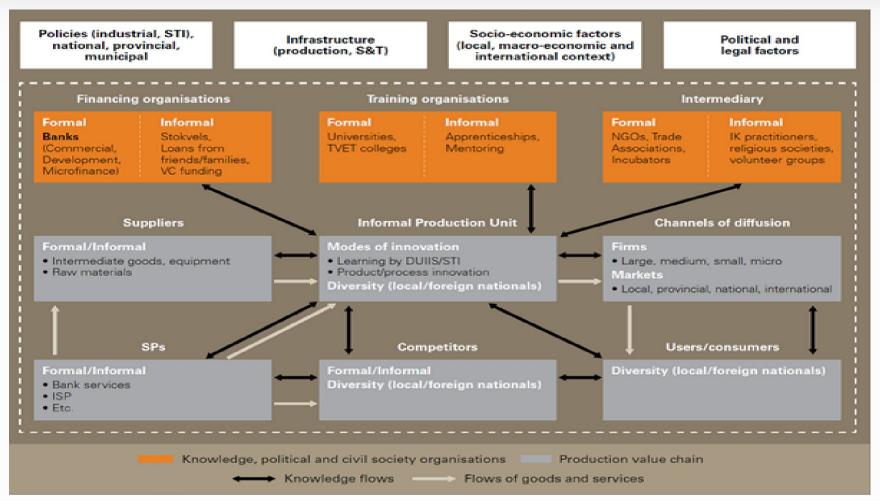


Figure 1 Local innovation and production system (LIPS) framework adapted for the informal sector Source: Adapted from Mustapha et al. (2021)

Research Findings

Innovation in the informal sector can be measured through a standardised instrument

Management of innovation in informal micro-enterprises requires very different policy approaches

- micro-enterprises leverage the localness of their operations by innovating on an almost constant basis; innovation rate was very high (82.5%)
- Innovation is typically non-technological

The focus of policy needs to be on

- building learning capabilities within local innovation and production systems
- Supporting innovation in informal micro-enterprises, to grow in complexity in order to become financially viable and sustainable businesses that contribute to decent employment at the local level

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